APPENDIX A - LIST OF PERSONS CONSULTED

District Director Education for District of Chókwe, Gaza Province

District Director Education for District of Macie, Gaza Province

District Director Education for District of Mandlakazi, Gaza Province

District Director Education for District of Xai-Xai, Gaza Province

District Director Education for Xai-Xai City, Gaza Province

Director of the Provincial Tuberculosis Hospital in Chokwe

Director of the Provincial HIV/AIDS Commission in Gaza

Director of the Provincial Teacher Training College in Inhamissa, Gaza Province

Director of the Provincial Teacher Training College in Chibututuine, Maputo Province

Executive Director of the National HIV/AIDS Commission in Mozambique Head of the Education Sector at UNICEF, Mozambique

Head of the Education Sector at the Netherlands Embassy, Mozambique

Head of the Education Sector at the Danish Embassy, Mozambique

Head of the National AIDS Program, Ministry of Health

National Director for Primary Education, Ministry of Education

National Director for Human Resource Development, Ministry of Education

National Director for Planning, Ministry of Education

National Director for the Institute for Educational Research and Development

APPENDIX B – TOPIC GUIDELINE FOR QUESTIONING DURING FOCUS GROUPS

Issues to be covered in focus groups with teachers

- How "real" is the presence of HIV/AIDS in schools?
- How "real" is the presence of HIV/AIDS in communities?
- How are students being affected?
- How are teachers being affected?
- Do teachers personally know anybody who is HIV positive or has AIDS?
- How frequently do they talk about HIV/AIDS?
- What kind of topics do they cover?
- What kind of examples do they use?
- How do parents react to talking about HIV/AIDS?
- How do parents' reactions affect their own perceptions?
- Are teachers per definition good spokespersons on this issue?
- What are teachers' beliefs about the origin of AIDS, about condoms and about how to cure the disease?
- What cultural/traditional beliefs exist at community level about HIV/AIDS?
- What do they believe the community/school will be like five years from now?
- Do they themselves feel afraid they may become affected? Why?
- Would they take an AIDS test?
- What is the most difficult thing in having to talk about AIDS?
- If they themselves were HIV positive would they disclose their status?
- How are people who have AIDS treated within the community?
- What contribution can HIV positive people still make to society?
- What do they think about the current mass media messages about HIV?

APPENDIX C – ATTITUDE SOLICITATION SURVEYS FOR TEACHERS

(Translated from Portuguese)

Study on the attitudes of teachers about condoms and HIV/AIDS

Thank you for participating in this study! This study aims at gaining a better understanding of the manner in which teachers address the issue of HIV/AIDS with their students. The study is being conducted by Muriel Visser, doctoral candidate at Florida State University in the United States.

Your participation in this study is entirely voluntary and you may withdraw from participation at any time without any penalty. Please read the questions that follow carefully. Please reply to all the questions. It should take you about half an hour to complete the questionnaire

Thank you in advance for your collaboration in this study. Your involvement will contribute to improving the intervention of teachers in Mozambique in the area of HIV/AIDS!

PART 1

Please list below all the reasons that you can think of why it may <u>be good</u> to talk about condom in school:
1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
6.
7

talk about cond		s that you can think of why it may	not be good or d	convenient to
1.				
2.				
3.				
0.				
4.				
5.				
6.				
7				
7.				
PART 2				
		he first part of this questionnaire. ly of your choice:	For the question	ns that follow
1. In my opinior	talking about co	ondoms with students is:		
□ very bad	□ bad	☐ neither good nor bad	□ good	□ very good
2. I think that m	ost parents belie	ve that talking about condoms in	school with stud	lents is:
□ very bad	□ bad	☐ neither good nor bad	□ good	□ very good

				the most appropriate sources of talking ay chose as many options as you like)
	Friends of the same age			Other close family
	Older brother or sister			Health worker
	Teachers			Their parents
	Religious people			People who are sick with HIV/AIDS
	Other person, please s	specifiy		
4. In yo	our opinion what is the b before they reach 10 y 10 to 12 years	_	13 to 1	doms with <u>boys</u> ? 4 years ars or older
5. In yo	our opinion what is the b before they reach 10 y 10 to 12 years	_	13 to 1	doms with girls ? 4 years urs or older
please	you for your response to	ation about yours		nuestionnaire. Before we end we ask you se questions are completely anonymous
6. In w	hat year were you born? -			
7. Wha	at is your sex?			
□ Male	e □ Fer	nale		

8. What wa	as the last training co	urse that you co	mpleted?
	None		6ª + 1
	IAP		7 ^a + 3
9. Have yo	u already taught?		
□ Yes	□ No		
If you replied	ed "No" to question 9	you may skip to	question 13, otherwise please continue with
question 1	<i>0.</i>		
10. If you h	nave already taught,	what level do you	
	1ª - 5ª		8ª - 10ª
	6ª - 7ª		other, please specify
	nave taught at upper		dary level please indicate your subject (area)
	ca where my sensor		- Daniel
□ urban		□ semi-urban	□ rural
13. In what course?	t district did you live o	or teach before y	ou started following you current teacher training
District of _			
14. Do you	know one or more p	eople who have	died of AIDS?
□ Yes	□ No		
15. Do you	ı have family living w	ith you who is sic	k with HIV?
□ Yes	□ No		

16. Do you have direct died of HIV/AIDS?	family (parents, u	incles/aunts, children, gr	andchildren) who have already
□ Yes	□ No		
17. Do you have any fri	ends of whom yo	u know that they are HI\	/ positive or have AIDS?
□ Yes	□ No		
18. Do you have any cle	ose friends who h	nave died of AIDS?	
□Yes	□ No		
19. Do you know any te	eacher who is HIV	positive?	
□ Yes	□ No		
20. Do you know any te	eacher who has d	ied of AIDS?	
□ Yes	□ No		
21. Have you ever had	an AIDS test?		
□ Yes	□ No		
22. How likely do you th	nink it is that you	yourself will become cor	ntaminated with HIV/AIDS?
□ very likely	□ likely	☐ not very likely	□ impossible
Before handing in your Thank you very much fo			have replied to all the questions.

APPENDIX D – ATTITUDE SOLICITATION SURVEY FOR HIV/AIDS SPECIALISTS

(Translated from Portuguese)

Questionnaire for HIV/AIDS Specialists

Thank you for your participation in this study! This study aims at gaining insight into the way in which teachers address the issue of HIV/AIDS and is being conducted by Muriel Visser, doctoral candidate at Florida State University, in the United States. Your participation in this study is entirely voluntary and all your answers will be kept confidential. Please do not put your name on this questionnaire. Please make sure you read each question carefully. Once again, thank you for your collaboration!

Additional explanation about the questions

For the first four questions we ask that your list include all the reasons that you have found teachers/ parents and the community in general (including, for example, representatives of various religious, political and other organizations) may have, including your own personal opinion. Don't be concerned if there is some repetition between questions 1 and 3 and 2 and 4, respectively. What we are aiming for in this phase is to identify as many reasons and factors as possible. If you need more space for your replies, you may attach additional pages to the questionnaire.

Questions 5 through 8 aim at obtaining a more detailed understanding of social norms, stigmatization and myths that influence the manner in which teachers approach HIV/AIDS.

Thank you in advance for you collaboration!

1. Please list below all the reasons why one may think it is good to teach/talk about condoms in school:
a)
b)
c)
d)

e)
f)
g)
2. Please list below all the reasons why one may think it is not good or convenient to teach/talk about condoms in school:
a)
b)
c)
d)
e)
f)
g)
3. Please list below all the reasons why one may think it is \underline{good} to teach/talk about sexuality and relationships in school:
a)

b)
c)
d)
e)
f)
g)
4. Please list below all the reasons why one may think it is not good or convenient to teach/talk about sexuality and relationships in school:
a)
b)
c)
d)
e)
f)

g)
5. Studies in other countries have shown that teachers do not always manage to talk about delicate issues such as sexuality and the use of condoms, even when it is part of the curriculum. In your opinion, what (individual, social, contextual and other) factors may influence the decision of teachers as to whether they will talk about this topic or not?
6. In your experience, which people will most influence whether teachers decide to talk about issues such as sexuality and the use of condoms with their students?

7. What myths and superstitions have you found that teachers hold about HIV/AIDS?

8. One of the issues that we are attempting to identify in this study is the intention that teacher have of talking about HIV/AIDS. In your opinion, what would be the best way to obtain this information and to measure teachers' intentions?	s
Once again my sincere thanks for your support! If you would like to make any additional observations about this study or the questionnaire than please do so in the space below.	

APPENDIX E - SURVEY OF TEACHERS PERCEPTIONS AND **EXPERIENCE WITH HIV/AIDS**

(Translated from Portuguese)

Study of teachers perceptions about HIV/AIDS

Thank you for participating in this study! This study aims at gaining a better understanding of the manner in which teachers address the issue of HIV/AIDS with their students. The study is being conducted by Muriel Visser, doctoral candidate at Florida State University in the United States.

Your participation in this study is entirely voluntary and you may withdraw from participation at

any time without any penalty. Please read the questions that follow carefully. Please reply to all the questions. It should take you about half an hour to complete the questionnaire
Thank you in advance for your collaboration in this study. Your involvement will contribute to improving the intervention of teachers in Mozambique in the area of HIV/AIDS!
//
PART 1:
Please reply to the questions that follow. There are not correct or incorrect responses to these questions. The objective of these questions is simply to obtain your opinion about these issues.
1. Please describe at least <u>2 beliefs/traditions</u> about HIV/AIDS that you have found are held by people in local communities.
2. Why do you think that some teachers may not want to talk about HIV/AIDS?

3. Please make a list of the <u>main themes</u> that, in your opinion, a teacher should address when talking about HIV/AIDS with his/her students:
a)
b)
c)
d)
e)
f)
4. Now, please describe what specific <u>activities</u> this same teacher would have to develop in order to address the themes that you identified above.
a)
b)
c)
d)
e)
f)
6. What constraints do you think that you will face as a teacher when talking about HIV/AIDS with your students?

7. In the past four weeks how often did you discuss the issue of HIV/AIDS with your students? (If you did not have a chance to talk about HIV/AIDS then please write "no" in the space below).
8. If you have already addressed the issue of HIV/AIDS with your students then please chose from among the following options the moments in which you did this (you may chose more than one option)
☐ At the beginning of class as a separate theme before talking about the main topic of that class
☐ In the context of the topic to be covered in class
☐ During informal conversations with students in school
☐ In conversations with students outside of the school environment
□ During community awareness activities
☐ Other occasions, please specify which in the following space
9. What factors can, in your opinion, most affect the <u>intention that teachers in general</u> may have to address the issue of HIV/AIDS with their students (you may chose more than one option).
□ Lack of time
□ Overburdened curriculum
☐ Lack of materials
☐ Fear of talking about sensitive issues such as sexuality
☐ Fear of offending teachers/guardians
☐ Fear of negatively influencing the behavior of children and adolescents
□ Lack of support from the management of schools
□ Not being convinced that HIV/AIDS is a serious problem
□ Not agreeing that it is possible to address this topic adequately within the school environment
☐ Believing that this material should only be addressed in science classes
☐ Fear of having to change own personal behavior in order to give a good example
☐ Other reason, please specify

HIV/AIDS with your students (you may chose more than one option).
□ Lack of time
□ Overburdened curriculum
□ Lack of materials
☐ Fear of talking about sensitive issues such as sexuality
☐ Fear of offending teachers/guardians
☐ Fear of negatively influencing the behavior of children and adolescents
☐ Lack of support from the management of schools
☐ Not being convinced that HIV/AIDS is a serious problem
☐ Not agreeing that it is possible to address this topic adequately within the school environment
☐ Believing that this material should only be addressed in science classes
☐ Fear of having to change own personal behavior in order to give a good example
☐ Other reason, please specify
11. Please list below the three topics related with HIV/AIDS that for you would be the easiest to address with your students a)
b)
c)
12. Now, please list below the three HIV/AIDS related topics that would be the most difficult to address with your students a)
b)
C)
13. Do you believe that if students receive information about condoms and sexuality this will awaken their curiosity and make them decide to experiment with these things?
□ Yes □ No □ Not sure

				if you did not receive any financial compensation in
□ Yes		□ No		
15. Do yo	u intend to talk	about HIV/AID	S with	your students?
□ Yes		□ No		
		hen please des ur intervention.		vhat knowledge/skills you hope your students would
	 			
PART 2				
informatio		ers to all these of		ing we ask that you provide some personal are completely anonymous and will not be used
17. In wha	at year were yo	ou born?		
18. What	is your sex?			
□ Male		□ Female		
19. What	was the last tra	aining course th	nat you	completed?
	None			6ª + 1
	7 ^a + 3			10 + 2
	IAP			

9. Have you alrea	ndy taught?
□ Yes	□ No
21. In which distri	ct did you live or teach before you started your current teacher training course?
District of	
22. Do you know	one or more people who have died of AIDS?
□ Yes	□ No
23. Do you have	family living with you who is sick with HIV?
□ Yes	□ No
24. Do you have died of HIV/AIDS	direct family (parents, uncles/aunts, children, grandchildren) who have already?
□ Yes	□ No
25. Do you have	any friends of whom you know that they are HIV positive or have AIDS?
□ Yes	□ No
26. Do you have	any close friends who have died of AIDS?
□ Yes	□ No
27. Do you know	any teacher who is HIV positive?
□ Yes	□ No
28. Do you know	any teacher who has died of AIDS?
□ Yes	□ No

29. How likely do you	ı think it is that yo	ou yourself will become co	ontaminated with HIV/AIDS?	
□ very likely	□ likely	□ not very likely	□ impossible	
30. How often do you	ı use condoms w	hen you have sex (please	e select only one option)	
□ Always				
☐ Very often but not	always			
☐ Sometimes, deper	nding on the situa	ation		
□ Never				
☐ I don't need to use	protection beca	use I trust my partner		
☐ I am abstaining fro	om having sex			
31. Have you ever ha	ad an AIDS test?			
□ Yes	□ No			
Before handing in your questionnaire please make sure that you replied to all the questions. And thank you very much for you participation in this study!				

APPENDIX F – SURVEY OF PRIMARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOL STUDENTS PERCEPTIONS AND EXPERIENCE

(Translated from Portuguese)

Questionnaire for students at primary and secondary schools about HIV/AIDS

1. Over the past 4 week class?	s how often has one of	your teachers talked abo	out HIV/AIDS during			
□ Never	□ Once	☐ Twice	☐ Three times			
☐ Four times	☐ More than four times					
		u about HIV/AIDS in the se more than one optic				
☐ They never talked ab	out HIV/AIDS					
☐ At the beginning of c class	lass as a separate themo	e and before talking abou	it the main topic of the			
☐ In the context of the	material that was covere	d in class				
☐ During informal conv	ersations with students i	n school				
☐ During conversations with students outside of the school environment						
☐ During community av	vareness activities (such	as plays and lectures)				
☐ On other occasions,	please specify which in t	he space below				
	ojects during which teach out HIV/AIDS then just w	ners talked about HIV/AIE rite "never"))S in the last four weeks			

4. What is, in your opini HIV/AIDS?	ion, the biggest contribution that a teacher can make in the fight against
5. In your opinion, what HIV/AIDS?	are reasons that teachers may have for not wanting to talk about
6. What is your sex?	
□ Male	□ Female
7. How old are you?	
, ,	
9. In what class are you	
8. In what class are you	11
9. Do you know one or	more people who have died of AIDS?
□ Yes	□ No

10. Do you have family with you who have died of HIV/AIDS?					
□ Yes	□ No				
11. Do you have direct HIV/AIDS?	family (parents,	uncles, grandparents, co	usins, etc.) who have died of		
□Yes	□ No				
12. Do you have any fri	end who is HIV p	positive or who has AIDS	?		
□ Yes	□ No				
13. Do you think it is like	ely that you your	self may in the future bed	come infected with HIV/AIDS?		
□ very likely	□ likely	☐ not very likely	□ impossible		
Before you hand in your questionnaire please make sure you replied to all questions. And thank you very much for your collaboration!					

APPENDIX G - FINAL QUESTIONNAIRE FOR TEACHERS

(Translated from Portuguese)

Date of completion
Name of your school
District where you school is located
PART 1 – Before replying to the questions that follow please reflect for a few moments about your planning for the current semester and then reply to the questions below.
1. Please make a list of the <u>main themes related to HIV/AIDS</u> that you plan to address with your students during this semester.
(if you did not plan to include any issues related to HIV/AIDS than please write the word "none" below):
2. Now please describe the specific <u>activities</u> that you plan to implement in order to address these themes? (if you did not plan any concrete activities then please just write the word "none" below):

3. Which of the themes or activities that you listed in the previous questions do you anticipate will be the most difficult to implement and why?
4. What specific examples did you plan to use in talking about HIV/AIDS?
(if you did not plan to use examples then please write "none" in the space below)

5 . Do you have any personal experience with HIV/AIDS that you believe will influence the way in which you will talk about this topic?

6. During the <u>coming four weeks</u> how often do you intend to talk about HIV/AIDS with your students?
(if you did not plan to talk about HIV/AIDS then please just write "no" in the space below).
7 Which forture do you halious will most influence the intention of to a home in granual to talk about
7 . Which factors do you believe will most influence the intention of teachers in general to talk about HIV/AIDS with their students?
(You may choose more than one option)
☐ Fear of talking about sensitive issues such as sexuality and the use of condoms
☐ Fear of offending parents/guardians/members of the community
☐ Fear of negatively influencing the behavior of children and adolescents
☐ Lack of support from colleagues and the management of the school
□ Not being convinced that HIV/AIDS is a serious problem
□ Not agreeing that it is possible to adequately address this material in the school environment
☐ Believing that this material can better be addressed in other subjects or by other teachers
☐ Fear of having to change their own personal behavior in order to set a good example
□ Overburdened curriculum/lack of time
□ Lack of materials/training
□ Other reason, please specify
8. Which factors do you believe will most influence <u>your own intention</u> to talk about HIV/AIDS with your students?
(You may choose more than one option)
☐ Fear of talking about sensitive issues such as sexuality and the use of condoms
☐ Fear of offending parents/guardians/members of the community
☐ Fear of negatively influencing the behavior of children and adolescents
☐ Lack of support from colleagues and the management of the school
□ Not being convinced that HIV/AIDS is a serious problem

☐ Not agreeing that it is possible to adequately address this material in the school environment								
☐ Believing that this material can better be addressed in other subjects or by other teachers								
☐ Fear of having to ch	ange their own	personal behavio	or in orde	er to set	a good e	example		
☐ Overburdened curric	culum/lack of tin	ne						
☐ Lack of materials/tra	ining							
☐ Other reason, please	e specify				_			
		X(0, 4, 1, 1, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4,						
9. In the table below pl talked about HIV/AIDS					and now	many tin	nes you n	ave
			Never	1 time	2 times	3 times	4 times	5 or more times
At the beginning of class	ss as a separat	e theme						
In the context of the top	oic addressed o	luring class						
During informal conversations with students in school								
In conversations with students outside the school environment								
During community awareness activities (such as lectures, plays, etc.)								
 10. In your opinion, does teaching children about sexuality and condoms in school contribute substantially to increasing their <u>level of knowledge</u> about HIV/AIDS? □ strongly agree □ agree □ not sure □ disagree □ strongly disagree 								
3 , 3	J					0, 0		
11. In your opinion, does teaching children about sexuality and condoms ensure that they will demonstrate more responsible sexual behavior ?								
□ strongly agree □ agree □ not sure □ disagree □ strongly disagree								
12. In your opinion, does teaching children about sexuality and condoms make children start practicing sex at an earlier age?								
☐ strongly agree								

and scared?	oes teaching ch	ildren about sexu	ality and condoms	таке t	nem <u>v</u>	ery ne	rvous	
☐ strongly agree	□ agree	☐ not sure	☐ disagree	□ stror	ngly disa	agree		
14. In your opinion, c		dren about sexua	lity and condoms c	ause <u>p</u>	roblen	ns with	n the	
□ strongly agree □ agree □ not sure □ disagree □ strongly					ngly disa	agree		
15. In your opinion do			•	nake th	nem be	come	more	
☐ strongly agree	□ agree	☐ not sure		□ stror	ngly disa	agree		
PART 2 – Thank you to what extent each s			llowing part of the o	questio	nnaire	please	indica	te
to what extent each s	tatement renect	s your opinion.						
				ee.				gree
				lly agr		know	ee	y disa
				Strongly agree	Agree	Don't know	Disagree	Stronly disagree
In my opinion it is goo sexuality in school bed								
In my opinion it is goo sexuality in school bed								
In my opinion <u>it is not always good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because sometimes condoms are contaminated with microbes								
In my opinion it is god sexuality in school bed promote disease								
In my opinion it is not about sexuality in scheabout condoms with c	ool because the	community may	say that talking					
In my opinion it is not about sexuality in schethat it takes away the								

	Strongly agree	Agree	Don't know	Disagree	Stronly disagree
In my opinion it is good to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because children will not have to hide what they know					
In my opinion it is good to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because children will not need to be ashamed of talking about HIV/AIDS					
In my opinion <u>it is not always good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because sometimes condoms get lost inside the woman's vagina					
In my opinion it is not always good to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because condoms cause HIV/AIDS to spread even more					
In my opinion it is not always good to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because the use of a condom may hurt the woman					
In my opinion <u>it is not always good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because parents will think that it is teaching children to be prostitutes					
In my opinion <u>it is good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because it contributes to reducing the spread of AIDS in the country					
In my opinion it is good to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because it allows us to defend our society					
In my opinion <u>it is not always good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because those who believe in God as well as religious leaders say that it is against religion and that it takes away people's desire to be faithful					
In my opinion it is not always good to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because many people in the community may say that we are using valuable lesson time to teach irrelevant material					
In my opinion <u>it is not always good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because children who hear that this disease exist may want to contemplate suicide					
In my opinion <u>it is not always good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because parents may say the Government is teaching something bad					

	Strongly agree	Agree	Don't know	Disagree	Stronly disagree
In my opinion it is good to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because it promotes critical thinking by young people					
In my opinion it is good to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because girls will be able to continue studying					
In my opinion <u>it is not always good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because it makes children curious about having many relationships					
In my opinion <u>it is good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because it creates incentives for children/young people to protect themselves against STDs and AIDS					
In my opinion <u>it is good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because it avoids disgrace and shame for families					
In my opinion <u>it is good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because children will not have to hide what they know					
In my opinion it is good to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because children as future professionals and leaders will know how to behave					
In my opinion it is good to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because students will feel more at ease doing an AIDS test					
In my opinion <u>it is not always good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because it increases the lack of discipline in schools					
In my opinion <u>it is not always good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because condoms teach girls to practice prostitution without limits					
In my opinion <u>it is good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because it calls attention to the dangers that may be associated with sexuality and relationships					
In my opinion <u>it is not always good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because it promotes lack of respect within families					
In my opinion <u>it is not always good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because it motivates kids to practice irresponsible sex					

	Strongly agree	Agree	Don't know	Disagree	Stronly disagree
In my opinion <u>it is not always good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because it is against African reality and its traditions					
In my opinion <u>it is not always good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because they say that some condoms contain disease which in this manner may spread more					
In my opinion <u>it is not always good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because it makes students feel a lot of fear					
In my opinion <u>it is good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because it promotes abstinence from sexual activity as well as fidelity					
In my opinion <u>it is good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because it avoids the spread of polygamy					
In my opinion it is good to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school in order to comply with guidelines by the Ministry of Education					
In my opinion <u>it is not always good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because people will stay that we teachers are provoking a lot of disgrace					
In my opinion <u>it is not always good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because it reduces the reproductive force of families in the country-side					
In my opinion <u>it is not always good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because it teaches lack of respect for older people					
In my opinion <u>it is good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because it promotes the moral and civic education of young people					
In my opinion <u>it is good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because it teaches children to exercise restraint					
In my opinion <u>it is good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school in order to reduce prostitution among young people					
In my opinion it is good to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because it reduces promiscuity and sexual abuse					

	Strongly agree	Agree	Don't know	Disagree	Stronly disagree
In my opinion <u>it is not always good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because there are people who will want to spread the disease on purpose when they know they have been contaminated					
In my opinion <u>it is not always good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because it may result in panic when students go home and say that condoms should be used					
In my opinion <u>it is not always good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because condoms promote a lot of "tourism"(promiscuity) in boarding facilities					
In my opinion it is good to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because it stops the spread of HIV/AIDS					
In my opinion <u>it is not always good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because it makes people in the community very nervous					
In my opinion <u>it is not always good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because it creates immorality in society and in public places					
In my opinion <u>it is not always good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because since people started talking about and promoting condoms the disease has only spread more					
In my opinion <u>it is good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because young people can have relationships without worrying					
In my opinion <u>it is not always good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because it reduces the birth rate in the country					
In my opinion <u>it is not always good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because it reduces the workforce					
In my opinion it is not always good to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because it results in lower economic growth					
In my opinion <u>it is not always good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because it provokes fear among the school community					
In my opinion <u>it is good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because it makes our economy grow					

	Strongly agree	Agree	Don't know	Disagree	Stronly disagree
In my opinion <u>it is not always good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because some children use it as a balloon and play with it in the classroom					
In my opinion <u>it is good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because it creates conditions for a social conscience					
In my opinion it is good to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because it avoids their being a lot of orphans					
In my opinion <u>it is good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because students will understand the impact that this disease may have					
In my opinion it is good to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because it ensure children and teachers are up to date					
In my opinion <u>it is good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because students can educate other in the society where they live about the need to exercise precautions					
In my opinion it is good to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because knowing about HIV/AIDS is part of improving education					
In my opinion <u>it is not always good</u> to promote the use of condoms/talk about sexuality in school because children will become too smart					

Before finishing this first part please take a few minutes to make sure that you have not skipped or forgotten any of the questions. Thank you for your collaboration!

PART 1 – For each statement below please indicate whether, in your opinion, the statement is true, false, or whether you are not sure of the reply.

1. Condoms n	nay somet	imes be cont	aminated with HI\	//AIDS
☐ True		□F	alse	□ Not sure
2. Condoms n	nay somet	imes be cont	aminated with oth	er diseases
☐ True		□ F	alse	□ Not sure
3. There is a	accine in	Europe which	n can protect peo	ole against HIV/AIDS
☐ True		□F	alse	□ Not sure
4. HIV/SIDA v	vas produc	ed in Americ	an laboratories a	nd sent to Africa
☐ True		□F	alse	□ Not sure
5. Sometimes infected with t		ble to catch h	HIV/AIDS through	coughing or sneezing by someone who is
☐ True		□F	alse	□ Not sure
6. It is possibl ☐ True	e to identif	y whether so □ F		I with the HIV virus just by looking at them ☐ Not sure
PART 2 – Not following char		up to what po	oint you believe th	nat the HIV virus can be transmitted through the
7. HIV can be	transmitte	ed by working	with someone w	no is infected with HIV/AIDS on a daily basis
□ very likely	□ likely	□ unlikely	□ very unlikely	□ not sure
8. In some ca	ses it is po	ssible to cate	ch HIV/AIDS by u	sing a restroom that has been contaminated
□ very likely	□ likely	□ unlikely	□ very unlikely	□ not sure
9. HIV can be disease	transmitte	ed by eating f	ood that has beer	n prepared by someone who is infected with the
□ very likely	□ likely	□ unlikely	☐ very unlikely	□ not sure

			y □ not sure	ery with someone	e who is injected in very likely		
11. HIV can be transmitted by living with someone who is infected on a with the disease (without engaging in sexual relations)							
□ very likely	□ likely	□ unlikely	☐ very unlikely	☐ not sure			
12. HIV can be the disease	e transmit	ted sharing n	eedles or other sh	arp objects with	someone who is infected with		
□ very likely	□ likely	□ unlikely	☐ very unlikely	☐ not sure			
13. HIV can be	e transmit	ted having se	x with someone w	ho is HIV positiv	e without using a condom		
□ very likely	□ likely	□ unlikely	□ very unlikely	☐ not sure			
14. HIV can be	e transmit	ted by having	anal sex with sor	neone who is infe	ected without using a condom		
□ very likely	□ likely	□ unlikely	□ very unlikely	□ not sure	-		
	PART 3 – Thank you for your responses so far. For each of the following statements please indicate to what extent you think the statements reflect your opinion and personal experience.						
15. I believe that most <u>parents and guardians</u> would agree if I talked in detail about issues of sexuality and about the use of condoms with my students							
				ree if I talked in o	detail about issues of sexuality		
	use of co			ree if I talked in o	detail about issues of sexuality □ strongly disagree		
and about the ☐ strongly agree	use of conse ee nat most <u>re</u>	ndoms with m ☐ agree eligious leade	ny students ☐ not sure ers would agree if	□ disagree	•		
and about the ☐ strongly agree 16. I believe the	use of content of condors	ndoms with m ☐ agree eligious leade	ny students ☐ not sure ers would agree if	□ disagree	□ strongly disagree		
and about the □ strongly agree 16. I believe the about the use □ strongly agree 17. I believe means and about the use	use of content of condorse	ndoms with magree eligious leadens with my strangee agree onal leaders	ny students ☐ not sure ers would agree if udents ☐ not sure	☐ disagree I talked in detail a ☐ disagree agree if I talked i	☐ strongly disagree about issues of sexuality and		
and about the □ strongly agree 16. I believe the about the use □ strongly agree 17. I believe means and about the use	use of content most record condorsee	ndoms with magree eligious leadens with my strangee agree onal leaders	ny students not sure rs would agree if udents not sure and elders would	☐ disagree I talked in detail a ☐ disagree agree if I talked i	☐ strongly disagree about issues of sexuality and ☐ strongly disagree		
and about the □ strongly agree 16. I believe the about the use □ strongly agree 17. I believe mesexuality and a strongly agree □ strongly agree	nat most re of condor ee nost tradition about the ee nat most of condor ee	ndoms with magree eligious leadens with my strangee onal leaders use of condo agree f my colleague	ny students not sure rs would agree if udents not sure and elders would ms with my studes not sure	☐ disagree I talked in detail a ☐ disagree agree if I talked ints ☐ disagree	□ strongly disagree about issues of sexuality and □ strongly disagree n detail about issues of		
and about the □ strongly agree 16. I believe the about the use □ strongly agree 17. I believe mesexuality and a strongly agree 18. I believe the	nat most re of condor ee nost tradition about the ee nat most of condor	ndoms with magree eligious leadens with my strangee onal leaders use of condo agree f my colleague	ny students not sure rs would agree if udents not sure and elders would ms with my studes not sure	☐ disagree I talked in detail a ☐ disagree agree if I talked ints ☐ disagree	□ strongly disagree about issues of sexuality and □ strongly disagree n detail about issues of □ strongly disagree		
and about the □ strongly agree 16. I believe the about the use □ strongly agree 17. I believe mesexuality and a strongly agree 18. I believe the about the use □ strongly agree □ strongly agree	nat most radition about the see that most of condorse.	ndoms with magnee eligious leadens with my strangee onal leaders use of condo agree f my colleaguens with my strange with my strange agree agree ease talking strange	ny students not sure ers would agree if udents not sure and elders would ms with my stude not sure not sure ess would agree if udents not sure	☐ disagree I talked in detail a ☐ disagree agree if I talked ints ☐ disagree I talked in detail ☐ disagree	□ strongly disagree about issues of sexuality and □ strongly disagree n detail about issues of □ strongly disagree about issues of sexuality and		

detail about issues rela			with my student	s if I did not have to talk in
☐ strongly agree	□ agree	□ not sure	☐ disagree	☐ strongly disagree
21. I believe it is easier	r to talk about HI	V/AIDS in other	subjects	
☐ strongly agree	□ agree	□ not sure	☐ disagree	☐ strongly disagree
22. In my opinion my s	ubject does not l	leave much roon	n for me to talk a	bout HIV/AIDS
☐ strongly agree	□ agree	□ not sure	☐ disagree	☐ strongly disagree
23. In order to feel com			HIV/AIDS with m	y students I would need to
☐ strongly agree	□ agree	☐ not sure	☐ disagree	☐ strongly disagree
24. In order to feel com		of talking about	HIV/AIDS with m	y students I would need to
☐ strongly agree	□ agree	□ not sure	☐ disagree	☐ strongly disagree
25. In order to be able have more support from				n my students I would need to
☐ strongly agree	□ agree	□ not sure	☐ disagree	☐ strongly disagree
26. In order to be able have more support from			of HIV/AIDS with	n my students I would need to
☐ strongly agree	□ agree	□ not sure	☐ disagree	☐ strongly disagree
27. In order to be able aspects of my own per		nd openly about I	HIV/AIDS I would	d need to change some
☐ strongly agree	□ agree	☐ not sure	☐ disagree	☐ strongly disagree
28. In order to be able school would need to d			HIV/AIDS I believ	ve that some teachers in my
☐ strongly agree	□ agree	☐ not sure	☐ disagree	☐ strongly disagree
29. Even with all condi issues such as the use				ase talking about sensitive
☐ strongly agree	□ agree	☐ not sure	☐ disagree	☐ strongly disagree
30. In order to be able issues such as condon			t that <u>parents/gu</u>	ardians agree that I talk about
☐ strongly agree	□ agree	☐ not sure	☐ disagree	☐ strongly disagree

talk about issues such as condoms/sexuality with my students								
☐ strongly agree	□ agree	☐ not sure	☐ disagree	☐ strongly disagree				
32. When talking about be sure that parents/gua			of condoms with	my students I would like to				
☐ strongly agree	□ agree	☐ not sure	☐ disagree	☐ strongly disagree				
33. When talking about issues of sexuality and the use of condoms with my students I would like to be sure that <u>religious leaders</u> agree with this								
☐ strongly agree	□ agree	☐ not sure	☐ disagree	☐ strongly disagree				
34. When talking about be sure that <u>traditional l</u>				my students I would like to				
☐ strongly agree	□ agree	□ not sure	☐ disagree	☐ strongly disagree				
	35. When talking about issues of sexuality and the use of condoms with my students I would like to be sure that my colleagues agree with this							
☐ strongly agree	□ agree	□ not sure	☐ disagree	☐ strongly disagree				
36. I feel afraid when I t	hink that one of	my students may	be infected with	n HIV/AIDS				
☐ strongly agree	□ agree	□ not sure	☐ disagree	☐ strongly disagree				
37. Activities that facilitate forbidden	ate the spread of	HIV/AIDS, such	as some sexual	activities, should be				
☐ strongly agree	□ agree	□ not sure	☐ disagree	☐ strongly disagree				
38. People who are infe	cted with HIV/AI	DS are responsi	ble for having ca	ught the disease				
☐ strongly agree	□ agree	□ not sure	☐ disagree	☐ strongly disagree				
39. AIDS is a punishme	nt with the is the	result of the imr	noral behavior o	f some people				
☐ strongly agree	□ agree	□ not sure	☐ disagree	☐ strongly disagree				
PART 4 – You have completed a major part of the questionnaire now. The questions that follow refer to your opinion about the impact of issues related to HIV/AIDS on young people.								
	40. Do you believe that it is likely that students who receive information about condoms and sexuality will become more curious and decide to practice these acts?							
□ very likely □ likely	/ □ unlik	ely □ impo	ssible	□ not sure				

41. In y	our opinion, talk	ing about s	sexuality and r	elationsi	nips with	students is:	
□ very	bad	□ bad	□ neither go	od nor b	ad	□ good	□ very good
42. In y	our opinion, talk	ing about c	condoms with	students	is:		
□ very	bad	□ bad	☐ neither go	od nor b	ad	□ good	□ very good
	our opinion the outline of the stude		parents/guard	lians beli	eve that	talking about se	exuality and love
□ very	bad	□ bad	☐ neither go	od nor b	ad	□ good	□ very good
	our opinion the o			ne comm	nunity bel	lieve that talking	about sexuality and
□ very	bad	□ bad	☐ neither go	od nor b	ad	□ good	□ very good
	people about iss	ues of sexu	uality and the	use of co	ondoms (you may chose	ces of information for more than one
	Friends of the s	same age		Other o	lose fam	ily	
	Older brothers	and/or siste	ers		Health v	workers	
	Teachers				Their pa	arents	
	Religious people	le			People	living with HIV/A	AIDS
	Other people, in	ndicate who	o please				
□ unde	our opinion, from er 10 years of ag our opinion, from er 10 years of ag	ge □ what age s	l between 10	and 11	☐ 12 to	o 13 □ 14 a	and above
is very		se make su	ire you reply a	all the qu	estions v	vithout skipping	self. This information any. Just as with the fidential.
48 . Dat	e of birth	/19	49. Aca		ualificatio	ons grade	
50 . Sex □ Male		ale	51 . For	how ma	iny years	have you taugh	nt?

52. Professional qualific	ations				
No course		6 ^a + 1		6 ^a or 7 ^a + 3	
IAP		10 ^a + 2		other	
53. In the past 2 years I	nave you	participated	l in any HI∖	//AIDS course?	
☐ Yes, during	_ days		□ No		
54. Level at which you to	each				
☐ I don't teach		☐ ESG1, st	ubject		
□ EP1				ect	
□ EP2			ther level,	please specify	
55. In what area do you	currentl	y live?			
☐ urban area		□ semi-urb	an urban		☐ rural area
56. Do you <u>personally</u> k	now one	or more peo	ople who ha	ave HIV or who ha	ave died of AIDS? Yes
	□ No				
57. Do you have family	living wi	th you whom	you know	are sick with HIV	?
☐ Yes	□ No				
	family (p	arents, uncle	es, children	, grandchildren) w	who have already died of
HIV/AIDS?					
☐ Yes	□ No				
59. Do you have a frien		you think ma	ay be HIV p	ositive or who ma	y have died of AIDS?
☐ Yes	□ No				
60. Do you know any te		ho you believ	ve may be	HIV positive or wh	no died of AIDS?
□ Yes	□ No				
61. How likely do you th		•			IIV/AIDS?
□ very likely	☐ likely	′ □ ι	ınlikely	☐ impossible	
•	used a	condom whe	en you prac	tice sex? (please	chose only one option)
☐ Always					
☐ Many times but not a	•				
☐ Sometimes, dependi	ng on the	e situation			
☐ Never					
☐ I don't need to take p	recautio	ns because	I trust my p	artner	
☐ I am abstaining from	having s	sex			

63. Do you have a regu	ular sexual partn	er?		
☐ Yes	□ No			
64. How many sexual p	partners have yo	u had in the past	t 2 years?	
□ None□ 1	□ 2	□ 3	□ 4	☐ more than 4
65. Have you ever don	e an HIV/AIDS to	est?		
☐ Yes	□ No			
	e I could do more	to reduce my po	ossibilities of bed	coming contaminated with
HIV?				
☐ strongly agree	□ agree	□ not sure	☐ disagree	☐ strongly disagree
Before you hand in th	nis questionnair	re we ask that y	ou take a few m	inutes to verify whether
you did not skip or fo colaboration!	rget any of the	questions. And	thank you very	much for you
Colaboration!				

APPENDIX H – FINAL QUESTIONNAIRE FOR STUDENTS

(Translated from Portuguese)

Questionnaire for students in upper primary and secondary school

Date completed					
Name of your school					
past 4 weeks <u>how</u>	often have your teachers	talked about HIV/AIDS?			
in the appropriat	e box)				
☐ 1 time	☐ 2 times	□ 3 times			
☐ more than 4 t	imes				
d your teachers tal	lk about HIV/AIDS with you	ı?			
(You may choose more than one option, marking an "X" in the relevant box(es))					
☐ They never talk about HIV/AIDS					
class as a separat	e team				
☐ In the context of the material that is covered in class					
ations in school					
side of the school	environment				
ctivities (such as I	ectures and plays in the co	ommunity)			
e your teachers to	alked about HIV/AIDS				
hen please just v	vrite "never")				
	past 4 weeks how in the appropriate 1 time 1 more than 4 to 1 more than 4 to 1 more than one option that HIV/AIDS class as a separate material that is contions in school eside of the school ctivities (such as I more than the school ctivitie	past 4 weeks how often have your teachers in the appropriate box) 1 time 2 times more than 4 times d your teachers talk about HIV/AIDS with HIV/AIDS			

4. Where have you learnt most about HIV/AIDS? (You may choose more than one option by marking an "X" in the relevant boxes) □ Radio □ Other family □ Posters □ Theatre □ Teachers ☐ Television ☐ Friends ☐ Meetings in your community □ Grandparents ☐ Traditional healer ☐ Brothers/sisters ☐ Hospital or health post ☐ Father ☐ Religious leaders □ Mother ☐ Books ☐ Uncles □ Newspapers 5. In the list below please chose what your teachers did this year (You may choose more than one option by marking an "X" in the relevant boxes) ☐ Talked about abstinence ☐ Talked about fidelity ☐ Talked about how to prevent HIV/AIDS ☐ Talked about how HIV/AIDS is transmitted ☐ Talked about the importance of using condoms ☐ Talked about the origin of HIV/AIDS ☐ Talked about symptoms of HIV/AIDS ☐ Showed how to use condoms ☐ Talked about discrimination of people of people with HIV/AIDS ☐ Explained how to live with people who have HIV/AIDS ☐ Explained how to live positively with HIV/AIDS ☐ Explained about sexuality and the masculine/feminine reproductive organs ☐ Talked about myths surrounding HIV/AIDS

☐ Talked about cultural practices that promote HIV/AIDS

☐ Gave examples about how the disease is spread
☐ Gave practical exercises to do
6. What were the most important things that your teachers taught you about HIV/AIDS?
(If there was nothing important than just write "nothing" in the space below)
7. Why do you think that some teachers do not want to talk about HIV/AIDS?
-
8. When you have questions about HIV/AIDS who do you talk to?

9. In this space pleathe answer.	se place <u>questions that you have</u> about HIV/AIDS and to which you do not know
	
	-
10. What is your se	«?
□ Male	☐ Female
11. How old are you	?
12. What grade are	you?
13. To you persona	ly know one or more people who have died of AIDS?
□Yes	□ No
14. Do you have far	nily living with you who are sick with HIV/AIDS?
□ Yes	□ No
15. Do you have far	nily that has died of HIV/AIDS?
□ Yes	□ No

16. Do you have any fr	iend who is HIV positive	or who may have AIDS?						
□ Yes	□ No							
17. How likely do you t	hink it is that you will in tl	he future become infecte	d with HIV/AIDS?					
□ very likely	□ likely	☐ unlikely	□ impossible					
	efore you hand in your questionnaire please make sure that you have not skipped or or orgotten any of the questions. Thank you so much for you collaboration!							

APPENDIX I – INTERVIEW GUIDELINE FOR PERSONAL INTERVIEWS WITH TEACHERS

Thank you for participating in this interview.

- Is HIV/AIDS a reality for you in your school? If yes, in what ways?
- Is HIV/AIDS affecting your community?
- How frequently do you talk about HIV/AIDS with your students?
- What kind of topics do you cover?
- What is the most difficult thing in having to talk about AIDS?
- Are there topics that you find particularly easy to discuss? Is yes, which ones and why?
- Can you describe briefly what you discussed with your students the last time you talked about HIV/AIDS with them? What kind of examples did you use?
- How do parents react when they find out that you (or other teachers) are talking about HIV/AIDS? Have you ever had any parents come and complain?
- Do you think that teachers are, per definition, good spokespersons on this issue? Do you think that you are a good spokesperson about this issue?
- What cultural/traditional beliefs exist at community level about HIV/AIDS?
- What do you think your school and community will be like five years from now?
- Are you afraid that you may yourself be affected by HIV/AIDS some day? In what way?
- If you were able to take an HIV/AIDS test now would you take it?
- Do you think teachers who are HIV positive should disclose their status?
- How are people who have AIDS treated within the community?
- Do you think that an HIV positive person can still make a contribution to society?
- What do you think about the current mass media messages about HIV?

APPENDIX J – CATEGORIES AND SUB-CATEGORIES FOR CODING OF PERSONAL INTERVIEWS WITH TEACHERS

Personal approach to talking about HIV/AIDS

- I provide information
- I facilitate and interact with my students
- Places where I talk about HIV/AIDS
- Reasons why I talk about HIV/AIDS

Use of examples

- Examples from personal experience
- Example based on fiction
- Why I don't use examples/have difficulty using examples

Personal experience

- Direct personal experience
- Indirectly heard about someone
- Not an issue for me

Personal beliefs

- What I know about HIV/AIDS and how that affects what I talk about
- What I question (have doubts) about HIV/AIDS
- What reactions I have to other people with HIV/AIDS
- To what extent is it possible that this will affect me? How does that make me feel?

Personal behavior

- How consistent am I with what I believe about the disease (including use of condoms)?
- How consistent are others with what they believe about the disease (including other teachers)?
- Personal behavior as an issue of social justice
- What I think about having an HIV/AIDS test?

Reaction of others

- Fear
- Sadness
- Inertia
- Blame
- Don't want to know

Mass media campaigns

- Reach
- Type of messageImpact on myselfImpact on others

APPENDIX K - FULL MODEL RESULTS FOR THE 3 LEVEL ANALYSES

Table 19a: MLR Analysis: Full Model Results to Predict Teachers (3 level) to Talk About HIV/AIDS

Model	-2 Log Likelihood	Chi-Square	df	Sig. ^a
Intercept Only	895.825			
Final	796.176	99.649	38	***

a. * p <= 0.05, ** p <= 0.01, *** p <= 0.001

Intention (3 levels) to talk					95% Confidence Interval for Exp(B)	
about HIV/AIDS in the Coming Month		df	Sig. 1-tail	Exp(B)	Lower Bound	Upper Bound
High consistent behavior	Intercept	1				
	Female	1		1.005	.568	1.777
	Male	0				
	Age 25 and under	1	***	5.428	2.680	10.994
	Age 26-35	1	***	2.992	1.616	5.540
	Age over 35	0				
	High HIV/AIDS knowledge	1		.794	.387	1.628
	Intermediate HIV/AIDS knowledge	1		.951	.516	1.751
	Low knowledge level	0				
	Knows 2 or more people sick/died of HIV/AIDS	1	***	4.894	2.528	9.477
	Knows 1 person sick/died of HIV/AIDS	1	**	2.310	1.243	4.295
	No personal experience with HIV/ADIS	0				
	Always uses condom	1	*	1.831	1.021	3.284
	Sometimes/never uses condom	0				
	Can do more to reduce personal risk	1		1.019	.570	1.822
	Do not need to do more to reduce risk	0				
	Very supportive attitude	1	*	1.900	.960	3.762
	Moderately supportive attitude	1		1.631	.801	3.320
	Not supportive attitude	0				
	Social norm not important	1		1.320	.648	2.689
	Social norm moderately important	1		.953	.497	1.826
	Social norm highly important	0				
	High perceived behavioral control	1		1.680	.876	3.219
	Moderate perc. behavioral control	1	*	2.102	1.078	4.099
	Low perceived behavioral control	0				
	Secondary level teacher	1		.656	.309	1.39
	Upper primary teacher	1		1.774	.830	3.793
	Lower primary teacher	0		•		
	Values not important	1	*	1.791	.925	3.470
	Values moderately important	1		1.478	.786	2.78
	Values very important	0				

Limited behavior	Intercept	1				
	Female	1		.934	.518	1.684
	Male	0				
	Age 25 and under	1	**	2.591	1.264	5.31
	Age 26-35	1		1.657	.896	3.06
	Age over 35	0				
	High HIV/AIDS knowledge	1		.723	.338	1.54
	Intermediate HIV/AIDS knowledge	1		1.175	.633	2.18
	Low knowledge level	0				
	Knows 2 or more people sick/died of HIV/AIDS	1	**	2.292	1.126	4.66
	Knows 1 person sick/died of HIV/AIDS	1	***	3.130	1.696	5.77
	No personal experience with HIV/ADIS	0				
	Always uses condom	1		1.638	.894	3.00
	Sometimes/never uses condom	0				
	Can do more to reduce personal risk	1		.838	.469	1.49
	Do not need to do more to reduce risk	0				
	Very supportive attitude	1		1.069	.540	2.11
	Moderately supportive attitude	1		.885	.429	1.82
	Not supportive attitude	0				
	Social norm not important	1		.851	.412	1.76
	Social norm moderately important	1		.502	.257	.98
	Social norm highly important	0				
	High perceived behavioral control	1	*	1.821	.948	3.49
	Moderate perc. behavioral control	1		1.215	.604	2.44
	Low perceived behavioral control	0				
	Secondary level teacher	1		.943	.442	2.01
	Upper primary teacher	1		1.449	.648	3.24
	Lower primary teacher	0				
	Values not important	1		1.248	.629	2.47
	Values moderately important	1		1.270	.670	2.40
	Values very important	0				

Table 19b: MLR Analyses: Full Model Results to Predict Teachers (3 level) Talking About HIV/AIDS in Schools in he Past Month

Model	-2 Log Likelihood	Chi-Square	df	Sig. ^a
Intercept Only	878.719			
Final	810.273	68.446	38	**

a. * p <= 0.05, ** p <= 0.01, *** p <= 0.001

Talked about HIV/AIDS					95% Cor Interval fo	
n School in the Past Month (3 levels)		df	Sig. 1-tail	Exp(B)	Lower Bound	Upper Bound
High consistent	Intercept	1				
pehavior	Female	1		.961	.552	1.672
	Male	0				
	Age 25 and under	1	**	2.536	1.327	4.848
	Age 26-35	1		1.122	.608	2.070
	Age over 35	0				
	High HIV/AIDS knowledge	1	*	1.923	.919	4.02
	Intermediate HIV/AIDS knowledge	1	**	2.412	1.269	4.58
	Low knowledge level	0				
	Knows 2 or more people sick/died of HIV/AIDS	1	*	1.797	.964	3.35
	Knows 1 person sick/died of HIV/AIDS	1		1.267	.697	2.30
	No personal experience with HIV/ADIS	0				
	Always uses condom	1		1.327	.762	2.30
	Sometimes/never uses condom	0				
	Can do more to reduce personal risk	1		1.369	.757	2.47
	Do not need to do more to reduce risk	0				
	Very supportive attitude	1		.795	.409	1.54
	Moderately supportive attitude	1		1.260	.632	2.51
	Not supportive attitude	0				
	Social norm not important	1		1.055	.524	2.12
	Social norm moderately important	1		1.406	.749	2.63
	Social norm highly important	0				
	High perceived behavioral control	1		1.194	.630	2.26
	Moderate perc. behavioral control	1		1.140	.591	2.19
	Low perceived behavioral control	0				
	Secondary level teacher	1		.858	.416	1.76
	Upper primary teacher	1	*	1.859	.935	3.69
	Lower primary teacher	0				
	Values not important	1	*	2.135	1.090	4.18
	Values moderately important	1	*	2.023	1.053	3.88
	Values very important	0				

Limited behavior	Intercept	1				
	Female	1		1.093	.644	1.855
	Male	0				
	Age 25 and under	1	*	1.934	1.022	3.658
	Age 26-35	1		1.141	.642	2.030
	Age over 35	0				
	High HIV/AIDS knowledge	1		.558	.277	1.124
	Intermediate HIV/AIDS knowledge	1		.884	.512	1.528
	Low knowledge level	0		•	•	•
	Knows 2 or more people sick/died of HIV/AIDS	1	*	1.717	.939	3.139
	Knows 1 person sick/died of HIV/AIDS	1		1.095	.613	1.955
	No personal experience with HIV/ADIS	0				
	Always uses condom	1	*	1.633	.964	2.767
	Sometimes/never uses condom	0				
	Can do more to reduce personal risk	1		1.278	.740	2.205
	Do not need to do more to reduce risk	0		•	•	•
	Very supportive attitude	1		1.053	.558	1.989
	Moderately supportive attitude	1		1.196	.611	2.342
	Not supportive attitude	0			•	•
	Social norm not important	1		1.258	.656	2.411
	Social norm moderately important	1		.902	.482	1.689
	Social norm highly important	0				
	High perceived behavioral control	1		.901	.497	1.633
	Moderate perc. behavioral control	1		.826	.439	1.557
	Low perceived behavioral control	0				
	Secondary level teacher	1	*	.402	.180	.896
	Upper primary teacher	1		1.128	.550	2.313
	Lower primary teacher	0			•	•
	Values not important	1		.610	.324	1.148
	Values moderately important	1		.842	.469	1.509
	Values very important	0		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

a. The reference category is: No, did not talk about HIV/AIDS

Table 19c: MLR Analyses: Full Model Results to Predict Teachers (3 level) Talking About HIV/AIDS in the Community in he Past Month

Model	-2 Log Likelihood	Chi-Square	df	Sig. ^a	
Intercept Only	838.699				
Final	776.458	62.241	38	**	

a. * p <= 0.05, ** p <= 0.01, *** p <= 0.001

Talked about HIV/AIDS in the				- Exp(B)	95% Confidence Interval for Exp(B)	
Community in the Past Month (3 levels) ^a		df	Sig. 1-tail		Lower Bound	Upper Bound
HIgh consistent	Intercept	1				
behavior	Female	1	*	.524	.279	.98
	Male	0				
	Age 25 and under	1	**	2.410	1.150	5.04
	Age 26-35	1	*	2.236	1.113	4.49
	Age over 35	0		·		
	High HIV/AIDS knowledge	1		.779	.367	1.65
	Intermediate HIV/AIDS knowledge	1		.887	.460	1.70
	Low knowledge level	0				
	Knows 2 or more people sick/died of HIV/AIDS	1	**	2.330	1.219	4.45
	Knows 1 person sick/died of HIV/AIDS	1		.767	.374	1.57
	No personal experience with HIV/ADIS	0				
	Always uses condom	1	*	1.829	1.019	3.28
	Sometimes/never uses condom	0				
	Can do more to reduce personal risk	1		1.556	.797	3.03
	Do not need to do more to reduce risk	0				
	Very supportive attitude	1	*	2.226	1.024	4.83
	Moderately supportive attitude	1	*	2.437	1.087	5.46
	Not supportive attitude	0				
	Social norm not important	1		.932	.442	1.96
	Social norm moderately important	1		.845	.420	1.69
	Social norm highly important	0				
	High perceived behavioral control	1		1.010	.509	2.00
	Moderate perc. behavioral control	1		1.105	.538	2.27
	Low perceived behavioral control	0				
	Secondary level teacher	1		1.426	.662	3.07
	Upper primary teacher	1		1.790	.854	3.75
	Lower primary teacher	0				
	Values not important	1		1.274	.622	2.61
	Values moderately important	1		1.481	.742	2.95

Limited behavior	Intercept	1	*			
	Female	1		1.026	.615	1.710
	Male	0				
	Age 25 and under	1	*	1.665	.912	3.039
	Age 26-35	1		1.184	.676	2.076
	Age over 35	0				
	High HIV/AIDS knowledge	1		.850	.430	1.684
	Intermediate HIV/AIDS knowledge	1		1.371	.794	2.369
	Low knowledge level	0		•		
	Knows 2 or more people sick/died of HIV/AIDS	1		1.125	.613	2.065
	Knows 1 person sick/died of HIV/AIDS	1		1.252	.732	2.141
	No personal experience with HIV/ADIS	0		•		
	Always uses condom	1	*	1.597	.960	2.659
	Sometimes/never uses condom	0				
	Can do more to reduce personal risk	1		1.170	.688	1.989
	Do not need to do more to reduce risk	0				
	Very supportive attitude	1		.912	.497	1.672
	Moderately supportive attitude	1		1.265	.669	2.393
	Not supportive attitude	0				
	Social norm not important	1	*	1.751	.915	3.352
	Social norm moderately important	1		1.512	.831	2.754
	Social norm highly important	0				
	High perceived behavioral control	1		1.244	.687	2.252
	Moderate perc. behavioral control	1		1.527	.832	2.803
	Low perceived behavioral control	0				
	Secondary level teacher	1		1.011	.500	2.047
	Upper primary teacher	1		1.042	.524	2.071
	Lower primary teacher	0				
	Values not important	1		1.128	.616	2.064
	Values moderately important	1		1.214	.681	2.165
	Values very important	0			<u>.</u>	<u> </u>

a. The reference category is: No, did not talk about HIV/AIDS